

Did You Take a Laptop Left in a Subway Train @ around 5:30 pm on 16th Nov? LAST SATURDAY I LEFT MY MACBOOK AIR ON THE OUTERLINE AT ST. ENOCH STATION. IT HAS NOT BEEN HANDED IN. IT WAS IN A RED CASE. AS YOU CAN SEE STUDENT. I WORKED COUNTLESS CRAPP) JOBS LAST YEAR IN ORDER TO AFFORD IT. I DO NOT HAVE THE MONEY TO BUY ANOTHER DO MY SCHOOL WORK. Please, 12 you have any information whatsoever call 07447165024 Thank you KATE K.

Institutional Readiness and Digital Preservation

How are you doing just now? How do you want to improve?

@williamkilbride

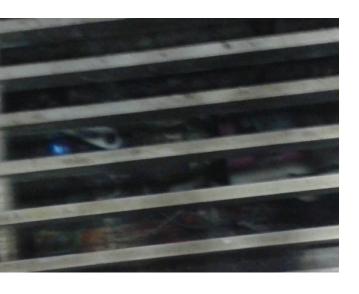
| 1. Asse | essing institutiona | ıl readiness: H | low are you c | doing now? | |
|---------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



Assessing your organisation's capability to undertake digital preservation Benchmarking

- Strengths and weaknesses
- Goals and timescales
- Incremental
- Planned improvements
- Not just about techniques





Maturity Models: Charles Dollar: Digital Preservation Capability Maturity Model

See also ...

- Adrian Brown's advice on Maturity Modelling
- AIDA and CARDIO
- Cornell's 5 stages
- DRAMBORA



Digital Preservation Capability Maturity Model: (see http://bit.ly/1HRNCJg)

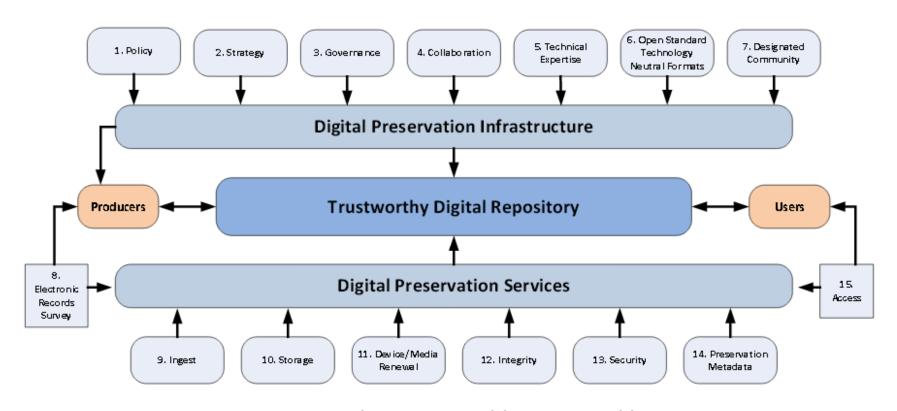


Figure 2. Digital Preservation Capability Maturity Model



Charles Dollar's Digital Preservation Capability Maturity Model (DPCMM),

15 core indices

7 infrastructure indices

- Policy, Strategy
- Governance
- Collaboration
- Technical Expertise
- Open standards
- Designated Community

8 preservation service indices

- Ingest
- Storage
- Media Renewal
- Integrity
- Security
- Metadata
- Access
- Record Survey



Digital Preservation Capability Maturity Model (DPCMM),

15 core indices

Score each index 0-4

- Nominal
- Minimal
- Intermediate
- Optimal

| Capability Levels | Composite Index Score |
|--|-----------------------|
| Nominal Digital Preservation Capability | 0 |
| Minimal Digital Preservation Capability | 1 - 15 |
| Intermediate Digital Preservation Capability | 16 - 30 |
| Advanced Digital Preservation Capability | 31 - 45 |
| Optimum Digital Preservation Capability | 46 – 60 |



Some Questions ...

How much of the organisation is in scope?

Just your team or IT, management etc.

How much can you rely on others?

What about outsourced services?

What to do about collaborative services?

What about purchased products?

What to gain from the exercise?
Your own improvements?
Investment?
Work planning?

| 2 | . Assessing pract | ice: How do you w | vant to improve? | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |





Trust and Preservation

Long time coming ...
'certified archival repositorywill be able
to prove that they are who they say they
are by meeting or exceeding the standards
and criteria of an independentlyadministered program for archival

Connection to

- Outsourcing / business planning
- Legal place of deposit

certification' CPA/RLG 1996

- Accreditation (cf Archives for the 21st Century, RCUK Policy etc)
- Credibility of 'the new profession'





Preservation Trust and E-Journals

Why would you trust a preservation service? From 10000m ...

Trust =

(Skill*Transparency*Sustainability) TIME

Technical know how, planning, standards, research, infrastructure, staff, industrial scale, risk assessment business model, rights management, income, regulation, succession planning, economies of scale and scope

open source, community ownership, independent audit, sharing methodologies clarity of purpose and scope, planning

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DRAMBORA

Digital Repository audit based on risk assessment

OAIS Compliance?

DANS Data Seal of Approval

Lightweight self certification methodology for research data archives.

Nestor Kriterienkatalog

Participation in distributed network for preservation, national basis DIN 31644

ASD-STAN LOTAR

Industry specific project to integrate OAIS with STEP to ensure legal verification of CAD / CAM and PDM data

Trusted Digital Repository

Criteria describing 'trust' in preservation

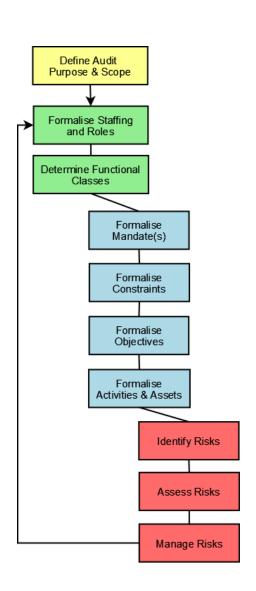
TRAC and ISO 16363

Certification of trustworthy status

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DRAMBORA Method

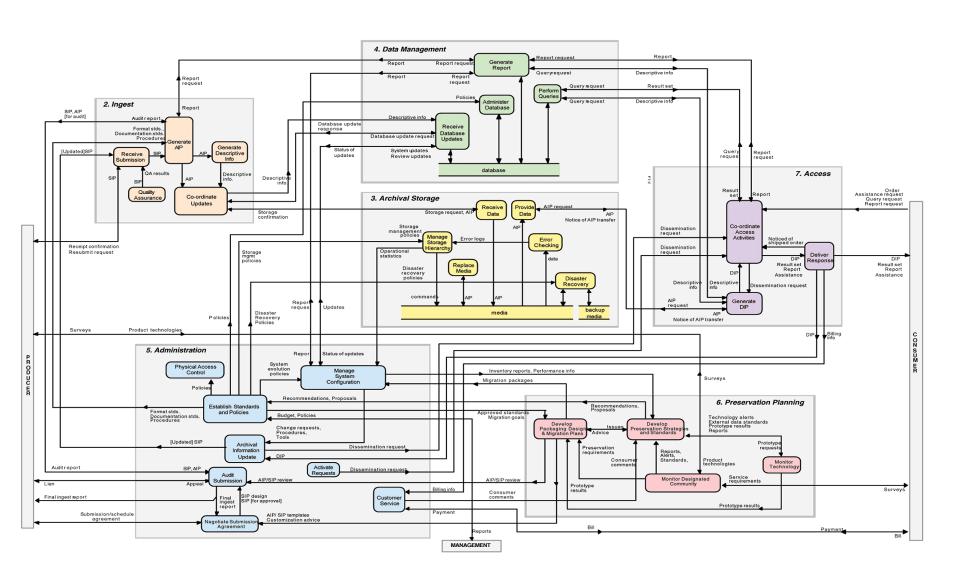
- Discrete phases of selfassessment, reflecting the realities of audit;
- Preservation is fundamentally a risk management process
 - Define Scope
 - Document Context & Classifiers
 - Formalise Organisation
 - Identify and Assess Risks



OAIS Compliance? (ISO14720)

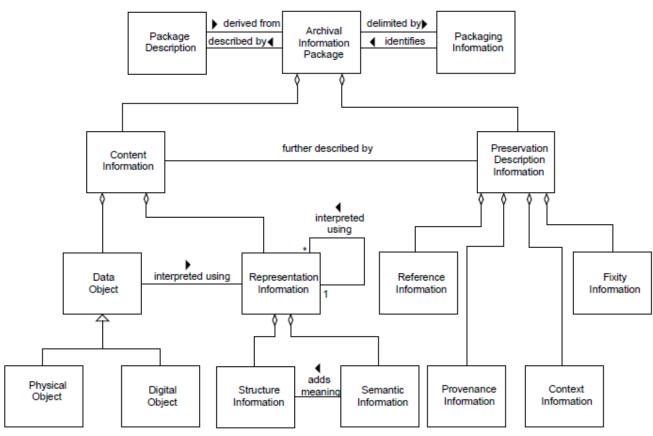
- Negotiate with for appropriate content
- Obtain sufficient control
- Determine the scope of the community
- Ensure independent utility of data
- Follow procedures for preservation
- Disseminate data to community

OAIS Functional Model





OAIS Information Model

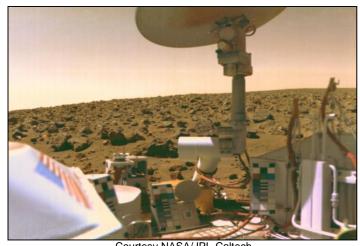




Trusted Digital Repository...

- 1. Compliance with OAIS
- 2. Administer responsibly
- 3. Organizational viability
- 4. Financial sustainability
- 5. Technological and procedural
- 6. System security
- 7. Procedural accountability





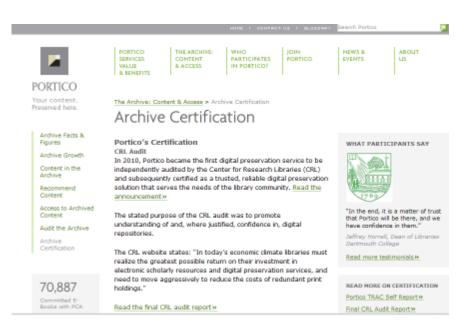
Courtesy NASA/JPL-Caltech

Trustworthy Repository Audit and Certification (TRAC)

- 1. Organisational Infrastructure Governance, Staffing, Policy Finance, Legalities
- Digital Object Management Acquisition of Content, Creation of AIP, Preservation Planning, Archival Storage, Information Management, Access Management
- 3. Technology, infrastructure and Security

System infrastructure, Appropriate Technologies, Security

| Trustworthy Repositories Audit & Certification: Criteria Checklist | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------|--------|
| | | | Auditor: | | Page | |
| | C. Technologies, Infrastructure & | | Interviewee(s): | | Date | |
| | C.3 Security | - | | | | |
| | , | Evidence (Documents) | Examined | Findings and Observations | , | Result |
| personnel, physical preeds. C3.2 Repository has | ors as data, systems, | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| responsibilities, and | ff have delineated roles, authorizations related anges within the system. | | | | | |
| including at least on | s and recovery plan(s), e off-site backup of all on together with an off- | | | | | |



TRAC in practice

- E-journal content is a well developed field
- PORTICO is a commercial escrow agent for content
- Audit of an escrow agent lends credibility to it's claims and business case





The Center for Research Libraries (CRL) ... hereby certifies Portico as a trustworthy digital repository. CRL has found that Portico's services ... conform to the **requirements** for a trusted digital repository. ... CRL has concluded that the practices and services ... are generally **sound and appropriate** to the content being archived and the needs of the CRL community. ... CRL expects that in the future, Portico will **continue to be able to deliver** content that is understandable and usable by its designated user community.

worth it's weight in pixie dust?

ISO 16363

- Development of TRAC
- Organisational Infrastructure
- Digital Object Management
- Security Risk Management

| В С | D | E | F | G |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| DRGANIZATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE | | | | |
| GOVERNANCE & ORGANIZATIONAL VIABIL | ITY | | | |
| | | Examples of Documents the Repository can use to demonstrate it is Meeting this Requirement: | Brief description of evidence (add rows if necessary to list all relevant documents for a metric) Use short titles for documents. Provide detailed description of each document on the Reference tab. | Explanation of how the repository addresses this metric |
| MISSION STATEMENT THAT REFLECTS A COMMITMENT TO THE PRESERVATION OF, LONG TERM RETENTION OF, MANAGEMENT OF, AND ACCESS TO DIGITAL INFORMATION. | at the repository's highest administrative level. | Mission statement or charter of the repository or its parent organization that specifically addresses or implicitly calls for the preservation of information and/or other resources under its purview; a legal, statutory, or government regulatory mandate applicable to the repository that specifically addresses or implicitly requires the preservation of information and/or other resources under its purview. | | |
| PRESERVATION STRATEGIC PLAN THAT DEFINES THE APPROACH THE REPOSITORY WILL TAKE IN THE | This is necessary in order to help the repository make administrative decisions, shape policies and allocate resources in order to successfully preserve its holdings. | Preservation Strategic Plan; meeting minutes; documentation of administrative decisions which have been made. | | |
| appropriate, formal succession plan, contingency plans, and/or escrow arrangements in place in case the repository ceases to operate or the | entrusted to the repository by handing it on to another custodian in the case that the repository ceases to operate. | Written and credible succession and contingency plan(s); explicit and specific statement documenting the intent to ensure continuity of the repository, and the steps taken and to be taken to ensure continuity; escrow of critical code, software, and metadata sufficient to enable reconstitution of the repository and its content in the event of repository failure; escrow and/or reserve funds set aside for contingencies; explicit agreements with successor organizations documenting the measures to be | | |



Meanwhile: Self assessment Data Seal of Approval



- 1. The producer deposits data with sufficient information for others to assess the quality and compliance with disciplinary and ethical norms.
- 2. The producer provides the data in formats recommended by the repository.
- 3. The producer provides the metadata requested by the data repository.
- 4. The repository has an explicit mission in the area of digital archiving.
- 5. The repository uses due diligence to comply with regulations and contracts.
- 6. The repository has documented procedures for managing data storage.
- 7. The data repository has a plan for long-term preservation.
- 8. Archiving follows explicit workflows across the data life cycle.

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http://datasealofapproval.org/



- 9. The repository assumes responsibility for access to the digital objects.
- 10. The repository enables the users to utilize the data and refer to them.
- 11. The repository ensures the integrity of digital objects and metadata.
- 12. The repository ensures the authenticity of digital objects and metadata.
- 13. The technical infrastructure supports standards like OAIS.
- 14. Consumers must comply with access regulations set by the repository.
- 15. Consumers conforms to any codes of conduct that are generally accepted for the exchange and proper use of knowledge and information.
- 16. Consumers respect the applicable licences of the repository regarding the use of data.

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ISO 16939

Standard for a certification authority 'PTAB'

Integrated framework to unify:

'basic', 'extended' and 'formal' certification

- ISO16363
- DIN 31644
- Data Seal of Approval

Initial Audits

Reports from audits

Auditor training

No specific audit facility yet

3. In summary ...





None of these standards is mature Need to read across into Archives Accreditation / PRSA

Lack of transparency / authority / credibility

Different routes for different types of archive?

OAIS Review
OAIS Obsolescence

- File as atomic unit
- Repository as metaphor
- Collaboration

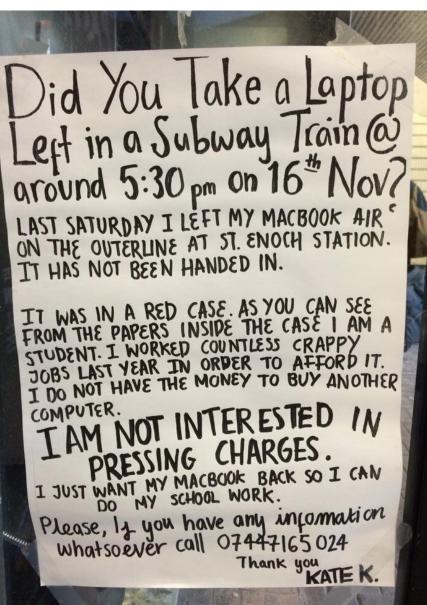
PEOPLE

AND

OPPORTUNITY

NEED TO BE CENTRAL





Certification and Institutional Readiness digital preservation

Where do you want to go? How do you want to improve?

@williamkilbride